Title of Invention:

- 2 Miniature rose plant named: `PACsix`.
- 3 Invented by: Dan Jauchen,

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905 Patterson Ave., Santa Barbara, California, USA.

- Latin name of genus and species
- Rosa hybrid 'PACsix'.

Variety denomination

The new variety is named `PACsix`.

Background of the invention

2	The	present invention	constitutes a	new and	distinct	variety o	f miniature	ros
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- 3 plant, which was developed by artificially pollinating an unnamed seedling(not
- 4 patent in the US) with an unnamed seedling (not patent in the US). The two
- 5 parents were crossed in the summer of 2001 and the resulting seed was sown
- 6 in December 2001, in a controlled glasshouse environment. Out of these
- 7 seedlings one seedling was selected, as the new variety and named
- 8 'PACsix'. The new rose may be distinguished from its seed parent, an
- 9 unnamed seedling, by the following combination of characteristics:
- The unnamed seedling has a breeding background in unnamed
 seedlings.
- 2. 'PACsix' has medium double flowers, while the unnamed seedling
 has big double flowers.
 - 3. `PACsix` has pink colored petals, while the unnamed seedling has orange petals.
- 16 The new variety may distinguished from its pollen parent, an unnamed
- 17 seedling created by the same inventor, by the following combination of
- 18 characteristics:

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- The unnamed seedling has a breeding background in unnamed
 seedlings.
- 2. 'PACsix' has bigger flowers and foliage as compared to the unnamed seedling.

- 3. 'PACsix' has pink colored petals, while the unnamed seedling has
- dark yellow petals.

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Brief summary of the invention

- 3 Initial asexual reproduction of `PACsix` by cuttings was first done in Santa
- 4 Barbara, California, USA. The reproduction was conducted in controlled
- 5 greenhouse environments.
- 6 Have here proven that the foregoing and all after characteristics and
- 7 distinctions to come true to form and are established in succeeding
- 8 propagations. 'PACsix' is a low and compact miniature rose with medium
- 9 vigor. The shelflife for the entire plant and the single flush, has been tested to
- 10 be excellent.
- 11 The objective of the hybridization of this rose variety for commercial
- 12 greenhouse culture was to create a new and distinct variety with:
- 1. Uniform and abundant flowers with good keepability;
- 14 2. Attractive long lasting foliage and compact growth,
- 15 3. Year round flowering under glasshouse conditions;
- 16 4. Suitability for production from softwood cuttings in pots.;
- 17 5. Durable flowers and foliage which make the variety suitable for distribution
- in the floral industry.
- 19 This combination of qualities was not present in previously available
- 20 commercial cultivars of this type and distinguish `PACsix` from all other
- 21 varieties of which we are aware.
- The seeds from hybridization were planted in a controlled environment and
- 23 evaluations were conducted on the resulting plants. `PACsix` was selected

- by, Dan Jauchen, in his development program in Santa Barbara, California,
- 2 USA.

Brief descriptions of the Drawings

- 2 The accompanying color illustrations show as true as is reasonably to obtain
- 3 in color photographs of this type, the typical characteristics of the buds,
- 4 flowers, leaves, stems of `PACsix`. Specifically illustrated in:
- 5 Photo sheet # 1:
- 6 Fig. 1 Young shoot.

- 7 Fig. 2 Bud before opening the sepals.
- 8 Fig. 3 Bud at the stage of opening the sepals.
- 9 Fig. 4 Bud at the stage of opening the petals.
- 10 Fig. 5 Flower during course of opening.
- 11 Fig. 6 Open flower plan view obverse.
- 12 Fig. 7 Open flower plan view reverse.
- 13 Fig. 8 Fully open flower plan view obverse.
- 14 Fig. 9 Fully open flower plan view reverse.
- 15 Photo sheet # 2:
- 16 Fig. 10 Receptacle showing stamens and pistils.
- 17 Fig. 11 Receptacle showing pistils (stamens and sepals removed).
- 18 Fig. 12 Flower petals, detached outer surface.
- 19 Fig. 13 Flower petals, detached inner surface.
- Fig. 14 Bare stem exhibiting thorns and flower attachment.
- 21 Fig. 15 Three leaflets upper side.
- 22 Fig. 16 Three leaflets reverse side.
- 23 Fig. 17 Five leaflets upper side.
- Fig. 18 Five leaflets reverse side.

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Detailed Botanical description of the variety

- 3 The following is a detailed description of the Miniature Rose: Rosa hybrid
- 4 'PACsix'.
- 5 The following observations, measurements, values and comparisons describe
- 6 plants grown in glass houses in Santa Barbara, California, USA.
- 7 The age of the observed plants where 11 to 13 weeks after propagation by
- 8 cuttings, and produced as flowering pot plants in container of 10.5 centimeter
- 9 in diameter.
- 10 Color references are made using The Royal Horticultural Society (London,
- 11 England) Colour Chart, 1995, except where common terms of color are used.
- 12 For a comparison, the nearest existing rose variety is 'Ruiptros', a rose
- variety described and illustrated in U.S. Plant Pat. No. PP9,717.
- 14 Chart 1 details several physical characteristics of `PACsix` and `Ruiptros`.

Chart 1:	`PACsix`	'Ruiptros'
Petal color, Upper	Orange-Red Group	Red Group
surface	33D	38A - 39B
Petal color, Reverse	Red Group	Red Group
surface	38B	36B
Petal count	55-70	40-65

- 15 Parents: Unnamed seedling. Times. Unnamed seedling
- 16 CLASSIFICATION:
- 17 Botanical: Rosa hybrid
- 18 Commercial: Miniature

- 1 PLANT:
- 2 Plant growth: Moderately vigorous. Grows compact upright to bushy. When
- grown as 10 cm pot plant, the average height of the plant itself is 18 to 20 cm,
- 4 and average with is 20 cm. When grown as a 15 cm pot plant, the average
- 5 height of the plant itself is 22 to 27 cm, and average with is 30 cm.
- 6 Production time is generally 11 to 13 weeks depending on average
- 7 temperature, light level, and cultural practices.
- 8 STEM:
- 9 Color. Young wood: Yellow-Green Group 147B.
- 10 Older wood: Yellow-Green Group 147A.
- 11 Thorns.
- 12 Incidence: Low number of thorns
- 13 Size: 2 3 mm
- 14 Color: Greyed-Yellow Group 160C
- 15 Shape: Deep concave.
- 16 Surface.
- 17 Young wood: Smooth
- 18 Older wood: Smooth
- 19 Stem diameter: 2 4 mm
- 20 Internode length: 15 20 mm
- 21 Numbers of internodes: 6 8
- 22 PLANT FOLIAGE: Leaves arranged alternately, compound with 3. 5 to 7
- leaflets per leaf, generally symmetrical, abundant, and flat in aspect. Stipules
- 24 at petiole base.

1	Quantity of leaves: 6 to 8 per lateral branch.
2	Leaf size. Medium 60 - 70 mm(l). times. 40 - 55mm(w), for 5 leaflet.
3	Petioles.
4	Color : Greyed-Green Group 192D,
5	with intonations of Greyed-Purple Group 182B
6	Margins: with stipitate glands
7	Length: 8 - 12 mm Diameter: about 0.5 - 1 mm.
8	
9	Stipules. Size: 6 – 7 mm
10	Surface: Smooth
11	Color: Yellow-Green Group 147B-C,
12	with intonations of Greyed-Purple Group 1821
13	Margins: with stipitate glands
14	
15	Rachis. Color: Greyed-Green Group 192D,
16	with intonations of Greyed-Purple Group 182B
17	Margins: Margins with stipitate glands.
18	Length: 20 to 25 mm
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	

1	Leaflets.	
2		Edge: Serrated
3		Serration: Single
4		Shape: Ovate with acute apex and obtuse base
5		Texture: Smooth
6		Appearance: Dull
7		Size: length: 15 to 30 mm. Width: 10 to 20 mm
8		Color: Young foliage:
9		Upper surface: Yellow-Green Group 147A
10		
11		Lower surface: Greyed-Green Group 191B,
12		With intonations of Greyed-Purple 182B
13		
14		Color: Mature foliage:
15	;	Upper surface: Yellow-Green Group 147A
16	5	Lower surface: Greyed-Green Group 191A
17	7	

1	INFLORESCENSE:		
2	Blooming habit: Recurrent		
3	Number of flowers. Generally 1 bud per flowering stem.		
4	Peduncle.		
5	Color: Yellow-Green Group 147C,		
6			
7	Texture: Smooth		
8	Length: 15 – 20 mm Strength: Uprigh		
9	Receptacle. Surface: Smooth, glabrous.		
10	Shape: Funnel-shaped		
11	Size: h: 7- 9 mm w: 7 - 9 mm		
12	Color: Yellow-Green Group 146C,		
13			
14			
15	Sepals.		
16	Quantity: 5		
17	Shape: Narrowly Ovate w. acute tip		
18	Texture: Leathery		
19	Margin: Foliaceous appendages on 2 of the five sepals		
20	Appearance: Dull		
21	Color:		
22	Upper surface: Yellow-Green Group 147B		
23	Reverse surface: Greyed-Green Group 191A		

1	Buds.	Size: 20 – 25 mm (h) 15 – 20 mm (w)upon opening.
2		Shape: Pointed ovoid
3		Color: at 1/4 opening, Red Group 36A
4	Flower:	
5	Duration. A	s a pot plant, flowers last form 21 to 28 days.
6		Fragrance. Sweet honey.
7		Size: 40 – 45 mm in diameter.
8		Form: Shape of flower when viewed from the side.
9		Up on opening: Cupped to pointed
10		Open flower: Flat
11		Color:
12		Petals, upon opening.
13		Upper surface: Orange-Red Group 33D, with intonations
14		of Orange Group 29A
15		Reverse surface: Red Group 38B,
16		Petals after opening:
17		Upper surface: Red Group 52A.
18		Reverse surface: Red Group 38B.
19		Basal Petals spots: Size: 2 – 3 mm
20		Color: White Group 155D
21		General tonality: On Open flower:
22		Third day: Red Group 38A
23		With intonations of Orange Group 29A
24		Afterwards: Orange-Red Group 34A-B

Petals: Petal reflex. Outermost petals reflex backwards at opening . Fully open all 2 petals reflex backwards. 3 Texture. Smooth. Petal edge. Uniform Petal count. Approximately 55 - 70 on the average per flower. Petal size. Length 15-20 mm Width: 15-20 mm. Shape. Outer petals: Round - ovate 8 Inner petals: Ovate 9 Reproductive organs: 10 Stamen number: Approximately 55 - 70 on average per flower 11 Abundance: Average Pollen. Color: Yellow-Orange Group 22A, 12 Color: Yellow Group 2D, Anthers. Size: 1-2 mm 13 Shape: Oblong. 14 Filaments. Size: 4 – 5 mm Color: Red-Purple Group 57D. 15 Pistils number: Approximately 25 – 35 on average per flower. 16 Stigmas. Location: Under in location to anthers 17 Color: Green-White Group 157D 18 Styles. Color: Green-White Group 157D. Length: 3 to 4 mm 19 20 21 22 23

- 1 **DEVELOPMENT**:
- 2 Vegetation. Dense
- 3 Blooming. Abundant.
- 4 Aptitude to bear fruit. Poor.
- 5 Resistance to diseases. Above average resistance to mildew and Botrytis
- 6 under normal growing conditions in Santa Barbara, California, USA.
- 7 Hips/seeds has not been observed due to that the plant has never been
- 8 grown to the stage of seed development, due to the fact, that the variety is
- 9 developed for use as a flowering pot plant only.
- 10 Winter hardiness & Drought/heat tolerance: Due to the fact, that this variety is
- a potted flowering plant, developed indoor use only, the plant is not tested for
- winter hardiness or drought/heat tolerance.